Financial Report
with Supplemental Information
March 31, 2012

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors
Redford Township District Library

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Redford Township District Library (the "Library") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2012, which collectively comprise the Library's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Redford Township District Library's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Redford Township District Library as of March 31, 2012 and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and the budgetary comparison schedule, as identified on pages 3-5 and 26, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



To the Board of Directors
Redford Township District Library

During the year, the Library implemented GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, as discussed in Note I. As a result of this required implementation, the Accrued Employee Benefits Fund was consolidated into the General Fund. In addition, fund balance classifications in the governmental fund financial statements have been changed to reflect the five new classifications under GASB Statement No. 54.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

August 16, 2012

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of Redford Township District Library's (the "Library") financial performance provides an overview of the Library's financial activities for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2012. Please read it in conjunction with the Library's financial statements.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the Library as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Library's finances. This longer-term view uses the accrual basis of accounting so that it can measure the cost of providing services during the current year and whether the taxpayers have funded the full cost of providing government services.

The fund financial statements present a short-term view; they tell us how the taxpayers' resources were spent during the year, as well as how much is available for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Library's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the Library's most significant funds.

Statement of Net Assets/Statement of Activities

The following table shows, in a condensed format, the net assets as of March 31, 2012 and 2011:

	March 31							
		2012		2011				
Assets								
Current assets	\$	5,170,670	\$	5,558,040				
Capital assets		8,071,928		8,395,377				
Total assets		13,242,598		13,953,417				
Liabilities								
Current liabilities		520,423		482,480				
Long-term liabilities		6,921,723		6,740,809				
Total liabilities		7,442,146		7,223,289				
Net Assets								
Investment in capital assets - Net of related debt		2,251,928		2,300,377				
Restricted		718,775		706,484				
Unrestricted		2,829,749		3,723,267				
Total net assets	\$	5,800,452	\$	6,730,128				

The Library's combined net assets decreased 13.8 percent from a year ago, decreasing from approximately \$6.7 million to \$5.8 million.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The following table shows the changes in net assets during the fiscal years ended March 31, 2012 and 2011:

	Year Ended March 31							
			2011					
Revenue								
Tax levy	\$	1,501,931	\$	1,615,872				
Penal fines		55,126		53,347				
State aid		19,497		25,456				
Book fines		55,487		62,214				
Investment earnings		145,090		119,095				
Miscellaneous		61,060		51,743				
Total revenue		1,838,191		1,927,727				
Expenses								
Personnel		1,406,603		1,451,649				
Contractual services and books		154,898		143,874				
Operating costs		447,639		291,327				
Debt service		249,425		262,387				
Capital outlay		-		3,037				
Depreciation		509,302		472,704				
Total expenses		2,767,867		2,624,978				
Change in Net Assets	\$	(929,676)	<u>\$</u>	(697,251)				

The Library's total revenue decreased by approximately \$89,000 in the current year. Property taxes decreased by approximately \$113,000 due primarily to a decrease in property tax value in Redford Township. Conversely, investment earnings increased by \$26,000 primarily due to a change in the investment portfolio mix from treasury bills to longer-term negotiable certificates of deposit.

Overall, current year expenses increased by approximately \$143,000 or 5.4 percent from the prior year. The Library has made a concerted effort to contain costs by implementing reductions in medical healthcare costs and capital outlay in fiscal year 2012.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The Library's Funds

Our analysis of the Library's major funds follows the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Library as a whole. The Library board creates funds to help manage money for specific purposes as well as to show accountability for certain activities, such as the property tax millage for the 2002 bond issuance. The Library's major funds for 2012 consisted of the General Fund and the Debt Service Fund.

Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Library amended the budget to account for an increase in capital outlay expenses. The Library had one negative budget variance in contractual services and books and total actual expenditures were \$73,567 below budget.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

During the year, the Library purchased a new book tracking system, computer equipment, and library materials (books, CDs, and audiovisual materials). The library building was constructed with the proceeds received from the issuance of \$8.5 million 2002 Library Building and Site Bonds, which was refunded in the current year by issuing \$5,425,000 in bonds with an interest rate range of 1.5 percent to 2.25 percent and retiring the 2002 Library Building and Site Bonds. The outstanding balance on the bonds was \$5.82 million on March 31, 2012.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Library continues to monitor staffing levels and library services to ensure that it is meeting public needs. An expected decline in property taxes and state-aid revenue will cause some tightening in operating expenses next year; however, the Library has a long-range budget plan in place to help with future planning.

Contacting the Library's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the Library's finances and to show the Library's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the library director's office.

Individual Funds Balance Sheet/Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2012

		Indi	vidua	al Library Fu	nds			Library as a Whole		
		General Debt Service Total Modifie							GASB No. 34 Adjustments (Note 11)	Statement of Net Assets - Full Accrual Basis
Assets										
Cash and investments (Note 3)	\$	4,509,149	\$	393,295	\$	4,902,444	\$ -	\$ 4,902,444		
Taxes receivable		103,614		50,446		154,060	-	154,060		
Prepaid interest		-		113,898		113,898	-	113,898		
Due from other funds/internal balances (Note 4)		-		161,136		161,136	(161,136)	-		
Due from other governmental units		268		-		268	-	268		
Capital assets (Note 5):							225.000	225.000		
Assets not being depreciated Assets being depreciated		-		-		-	325,000 7,746,928	325,000 7,746,928		
Total assets	\$	4,613,031	\$	718,775	\$	5,331,806	7,910,792	13,242,598		
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	72.916	\$		\$	72.916		72.916		
Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities	Ф	30.095	Ф	-	Ф	30.095	-	30,095		
Deferred property taxes		103,614		50. 44 6		154,060	(154,060)	30,073		
Due to other funds (Note 4)		161,136		JU, 110 -		161,136	(161,136)	-		
Compensated absences (Note 6):		101,130				101,130	(101,130)			
Due within one year		_		_		_	22,412	22,412		
Due in more than one year		_		_		_	79,400	79,400		
Long-term debt (Note 6):							,	,,,,,,,,		
Due within one year		_		_		_	395,000	395,000		
Due in more than one year		_		_		-	5,425,000	5,425,000		
Net other postemployment benefits (Note 10)					_		1,417,323	1,417,323		
Total liabilities		367,761		50,446		418,207	7,023,939	7,442,146		
Fund Balances (Note 7)										
Restricted		_		668,329		668,329	(668,329)	-		
Assigned		3,510,000		-		3,510,000	(3,510,000)	-		
Unassigned		735,270				735,270	(735,270)			
Total fund balances		4,245,270		668,329	_	4,913,599	(4,913,599)			
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	4,613,031	\$	718,775	\$	5,331,806				
Net Assets										
Invested in capital assets - Net of related debt							2,251,928	2,251,928		
Restricted - Debt service							718,775	718,775		
Unrestricted							2,829,749	2,829,749		
Total net assets							\$ 5,800,452	\$ 5,800,452		

Individual Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance/Statement of Activities Year Ended March 31, 2012

		Indi	ividu	ıal Library Fuı	nds				L	ibrary as a Whole
	General Fund		Debt Service		Total Modified		GASB No. 34 Adjustments (Note 11)		Ac	tatement of tivities - Full ccrual Basis
Revenue										
Tax levy	\$	861,840	\$	661,453	\$	1,523,293	\$	(21,362)	\$	1,501,931
Penal fines		55,126		_		55,126		-		55,126
State aid		19,497		-		19,497		-		19,497
Book fines		55,487		-		55,487		-		55,487
Investment earnings		144,905		185		145,090		-		145,090
Miscellaneous		61,060	_			61,060			_	61,060
Total revenue		1,197,915		661,638		1,859,553		(21,362)		1,838,191
Expenditures										
Personnel		928,894		-		928,894		477,709		1,406,603
Contractual services and books		289,360		-		289,360		(134,462)		154,898
Operating costs		284,500		125,936		410,436		37,203		447,639
Debt service		-		624,425		624,425		(375,000)		249,425
Capital outlay		88,594		-		88,594		(88,594)		-
Depreciation			_					509,302	_	509,302
Total expenditures		1,591,348		750,361		2,341,709		426,158		2,767,867
Excess of Revenue Under										
Expenditures		(393,433)		(88,723)		(482,156)		(447,520)		(929,676)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Loan proceeds		-		5,425,000		5,425,000		(5,425,000)		-
Deposit with escrow agent				(5,325,000)	(5,325,000)		5,325,000		
Total other financing sources										
(uses)				100,000		100,000		(100,000)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(393,433)		11,277		(382,156)		(547,520)		(929,676)
Fund Balance/Net Assets - Beginning of year - As restated (Note I)	_	4,638,703		657,052		5,295,755	_	1,434,373		6,730,128
Fund Balance/Net Assets - End of year	\$	4,245,270	\$	668,329	\$ 4	,913,599	\$	886,853	\$	5,800,452

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Redford Township District Library (the "Library") conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Library:

Reporting Entity

The Library is governed by an appointed seven-member board of trustees. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, there are no component units to be included in these financial statements.

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement</u> Presentation

The Library's basic financial statements include both the Library as a whole and its individual fund financial statements.

Library as a Whole Financial Statements

The Library as a whole financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities columns) are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, which are described below.

Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax revenue, grants, and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The statement of net assets includes and recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Library's net assets are reported in three parts: invested in capital assets - net of related debt, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets.

The statement of activities includes depreciation on long-term assets and eliminates capital outlay expense.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the Library-wide financial statements.

Private sector standards of accounting issued prior to December 1, 1989 are generally followed in the Library-wide statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with the standards of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The Library's individual fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described below.

Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Library considers revenue to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures relating to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenue is recognized in the accounting period in which it becomes susceptible to accrual, that is, when it becomes both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the Library.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets or fund balance are available, the Library's policy is to first apply restricted resources. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, it is the Library's policy to spend funds in the following order: committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

The Library reports the following governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund contains the records of the ordinary activities of the Library. General Fund activities are financed by revenue from a general property tax millage, state aid, and other sources.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the annual payments of principal, interest, and expenses in connection with the 2002 Library Building and Site Bonds that were refunded in 2012. Debt Service Fund activities are financed by revenue from a property tax millage that expires in 2021.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

Bank Deposits and Investments - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired.

Investments - Investments are recorded at fair value, based on quoted market prices.

Receivables and Payables - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Property Taxes - Property tax receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectible amounts, if deemed necessary. Properties are assessed as of December 31 and become a lien on December 1 of the following year. Related property taxes are billed on July 1 and December 1 of the following year. These taxes are due on September 15 and February 14 with the final collection date of February 28 before they are added to the county tax rolls.

The July 1, 2011 debt millage and the December 1, 2011 operating millage are intended to finance debt service and operations for the year ended March 31, 2012. Therefore, they are recognized as revenue during the current year.

The 2012 taxable valuation of the Library totaled approximately \$984 million, on which taxes levied consisted of .9233 mills for the Library's operations and .6406 mills for debt service. This resulted in \$862,000 for operations and \$662,000 for debt service. These amounts are recognized in the respective General Fund and Debt Service Fund financial statements as tax revenue.

Capital Assets - Capital assets are defined by the Library as assets with an initial cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Buildings, furniture and equipment, library books, periodicals, and videos are depreciated using the straight-line method over their useful lives, as follows:

Buildings 50 years
Furniture and equipment 5-15 years
Library books and AV materials 2-10 years

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave) - It is the Library's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. All vacation and sick pay is accrued when incurred in the Library-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for eligible employee terminations as of year end.

Long-term Obligations - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net assets.

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit Costs - The Library offers both pension and retiree healthcare benefits to board-approved retirees. The Library receives an actuarial valuation to compute the annual required contribution (ARC) necessary to fund the obligation over the remaining amortization period. In the governmental funds, pension and OPEB costs are recognized as contributions are made. For the government-wide financial statements, the Library reports the full accrual cost equal to the current year required contribution, adjusted for interest and "adjustment to the ARC" on the beginning of year underpaid amount, if any.

Fund Equity - In March 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications of reserved, designated, and unreserved/undesignated were replaced with five new classifications - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The Library implemented Statement No. 54 during the year.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following components of fund balance:

- Nonspendable: Amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact
- Restricted: Amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- Committed: Amounts that have been formally set aside by the board of trustees for use for specific purposes. Commitments are made and can be rescinded only via resolution of the appointed seven-member board of trustees
- Assigned: Intent to spend resources on specific purposes is expressed by the board of trustees or management
- Unassigned: Amounts that do not fall into any other category above. This is the
 residual classification for amounts in the General Fund and represents fund
 balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted,
 committed, or assigned to specific purposes in the General Fund. In other
 governmental funds, only negative unassigned amounts are reported, if any, and
 represent expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeding the amounts
 previously restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

During the year, the Library implemented GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. As a result of this required implementation, the Accrued Employee Benefits Fund was consolidated into the General Fund. Below is a table that summarizes these changes.

		Accrued
		Employee
	General Fund	Benefits Fund
Fund balance - March 31, 2011 as previously reported Accrued Employee Benefits Fund consolidated into the	\$ 4,554,703	\$ 84,000
General Fund from the implementation of GASB 54	84,000	(84,000)
Fund balance - March 31, 2011	\$ 4,638,703	<u> - </u>

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budget Information - The annual budget is prepared by the director and the Library board and adopted by the Library board; subsequent amendments are approved by the Library board. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. The amount of encumbrances outstanding at March 31, 2012 has not been calculated. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

The budget has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The budget statement (statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance) is presented on the same basis of accounting and level of detail as the adopted budget. State law requires expenditures to stay within appropriated amounts, and the Library did not have any unfavorable expenditure budget variances.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The Library is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The Library has designated four banks for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in bonds and securities of the United States government and bank accounts and CDs, but not the remainder of state statutory authority as listed above. The Library's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with statutory authority.

The Library's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Library's deposits may not be returned to it. At year end, the Library had \$991,629 of bank deposits (checking, money market, and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The Library evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The Library has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

Investment	Fair Value	Rating	Rating Organization			
Bank investment pools	\$ 571,240	AAA	S&P			
Bank investment pools	393,296	AAA	S&P			
Negotiable certificates of deposit	2,442,460	Not rated	N/A			

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The Library's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. At year end, the average maturities of investments are as follows:

Investment	Fair Value	Maturity
Negotiable certificates of deposit	\$ 1,718,819	I-5 years
Negotiable certificates of deposit	723,641	Greater than 5 years

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note 4 - Interfund Receivables and Payables

The following are the interfund receivables at March 31, 2012:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	\$	161,136

These balances result from the time lag between the recording of the transaction in the accounting system and the actual payments being made between funds.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the Library was as follows:

								Balance
		Balance						March 31,
	Ap	ril I, 2011		Additions		Disposals		2012
Capital assets not being depreciated -								
Land	\$	325,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	325,000
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Building		7,877,026		-		_		7,877,026
Furniture and equipment		1,235,938		88,594		(216,449)		1,108,083
Library books and audiovisual						,		
materials		3,717,035	_	134,462	_		_	3,851,497
Total		12,829,999		223,056		(216,449)		12,836,606
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Building .		(1,101,706)		(157,541)		-		(1,259,247)
Furniture and equipment		(635,875)		(103,401)		179,246		(560,030)
Library books and audiovisual		, ,		,				,
materials		(3,022,041)	_	(248,360)			_	(3,270,401)
Total		(4,759,622)		(509,302)		179,246		(5,089,678)
Net capital assets being depreciated		8,070,377	_	(286,246)	_	(37,203)		7,746,928
Net capital assets	\$	8,395,377	\$	(286,246)	\$	(37,203)	\$	8,071,928

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note 6 - Long-term Debt

The Library issued bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of a library facility. The Library has the following long-term debt outstanding as of March 31, 2012:

	Principal		Balance						Balance				
	Maturity		April I,					1	March 31,	D	ue Within		
	Ranges		2011		Additions		Additions Reductions		Reductions	2012			ne Year
Governmental Activities													
Bonds payable - 2002 Library and Building and													
Site Bonds, original issue of \$8,500,000 maturing through 2023, with interest rates ranging from 2.75%-4.65%	\$395,000	\$	6,095,000	\$	_	\$	(5,700,000)	\$	395,000	\$	395,000		
2012 Library Refunding Bonds		·	, ,			•	(, , , ,	Ċ	,	Ċ	,		
(Unlimited Tax General Obligation) original issue of \$5,425,000 maturing through 2022, with interest rates ranging													
from 1.5%-2.25%	\$480,000 -												
110111 1.3 70-2.23 70	610,000		-		5,425,000		-		5,425,000		-		
Total Bonds Payable	010,000		6,095,000		5,425,000		(5,700,000)		5,820,000		395,000		
Other long-term liabilities - Compensated													
absences	N/A	_	86,879	_	35,550	_	(20,617)		101,812	_	22,412		
Total bonds payable and													
other long-term liabilities		\$	6,181,879	\$	5,460,550	\$	(5,720,617)	\$	5,921,812	\$	417,412		

The compensated absences represent the estimated liability to be paid to employees under the Library's paid time off policy. Under the Library's policy, employees earn paid time off based on time of service with the Library.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note 6 - Long-term Debt

Debt Service Requirements

The annual requirements to service all debt outstanding as of March 31, 2012 (excluding compensated absences), including principal and interest, are as follows:

Years Ending						
March 31			Principal	 Interest		Total
2013		\$	395,000	\$ 113,898	\$	508,898
2014			480,000	77,775		557,775
2015			495,000	70,463		565,463
2016			510,000	62,925		572,925
2017			525,000	55,163		580,163
2018-2022		_	3,415,000	 184,789		3,599,789
To	otal	\$	5,820,000	\$ 565,013	\$	6,385,013

Current Refunding - During the year, the Library issued \$5,425,000 in unlimited tax general obligation bonds with an interest rate ranging from 1.50 to 2.25 percent. The proceeds of these bonds were used to refund \$5,325,000 of the 2002 Library and Building and Site Bonds with an interest rate ranging from 2.75 to 4.65 percent. The proceeds of \$5,425,000 plus a \$144,000 contribution from Library were used to pay issuance costs of \$130,102, prepaid interest of \$113,898, and \$5,325,000 of principal on the 2002 bonds. The refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next ten years by approximately \$950,000 in interest expenditures.

Note 7 - Fund Balance Constraints

Library board of trustees or management has assigned a portion of the fund balance of the General Fund for the following purposes:

Property tax float	\$ 650,000
Capital improvements and replacements	860,000
Library construction - Second floor	2,000,000
Total assigned fund balance	3,510,000
Unassigned fund balance	735,270
Total fund balance	\$ 4,245,270

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note 7 - Fund Balance Constraints

The property tax float assignment represents approximately 75 percent of the taxes levied in December 2011 to fund Library operations from January 2012 to December 2012, until taxes are collected next year.

Capital improvements and replacements are assignments to fund the estimated future capital outlay needs of the Library.

Library construction - second floor is an assignment to fund the costs associated with completing the construction of the unfinished space on the second floor of the Library.

Unassigned fund balance has not been assigned for a specific purpose at this time, but management is in the process of evaluating several potential uses.

Note 8 - Risk Management

The Library is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The Library has purchased commercial insurance to cover these risks. Settled claims related to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 9 - Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Library provides a defined benefit pension plan to its employees through the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan (MERS), an agent multiple-employer pension plan. MERS provides retirement and disability benefits; these benefits were established in Library policies and may be amended at any time. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements as well as trend information for the system; that report may be obtained by writing to 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

Funding Policy - The obligation to contribute to and maintain MERS for these employees was established by negotiation with the Library's employees and currently does not require employee contributions.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note 9 - Pension Plan (Continued)

Annual Pension Cost - For the year ended March 31, 2012, the Library's annual pension cost of \$76,000 was equal to the required and actual contribution that was determined by the actuarial valuation at December 31, 2009, using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) an 8 percent investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 4.5 percent to 8.4 percent per year, with a 4.5 percent inflation increase, and (c) no cost-of-living adjustments.

Three-year trend information is as follows:

		Fiscal Year Ended March 31					
	2010			2011	2012		
Annual pension cost (APC)	\$	74,000	\$	78,000	\$	76,000	
Percentage of APC contributed		100%		100%		100%	
		Actuarial Valuation as of December 31					
		2008		2009		2010	
Actuarial value of assets	\$	1,608,859	\$	1,684,609	\$	1,776,386	
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)							
(entry age)	\$	1,835,329	\$	1,901,445	\$	1,967,306	
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	\$	226,470	\$	216,836	\$	190,920	
Funded ratio		87.7%		88.6%		90.3%	
Covered payroll	\$	508,569	\$	535,564	\$	514,310	
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		44.5%		40.5%		37.1%	

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - In the December 31, 2010 actuarial valuation (the most recent actuarial valuation), the entry age actuarial cost method was used. Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) an 8 percent investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 4.5 percent to 8.4 percent per year, and (c) no cost-of-living adjustments. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a four-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period is 28 years.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note 10 - Postemployment Benefits

The Library provides healthcare benefits to all full-time employees upon retirement, in accordance with current Library policy; however, the board reserves the right to change or withdraw that benefit at any time. In the current year, the board authorized a \$35,331 transfer into a single employer-defined benefit plan administered by the Municipal Employees' Retirement System. Currently, the Library has one retiree who qualifies for postemployment benefits. Expenditures for postemployment healthcare benefits are recognized as the insurance premiums become due.

Plan Description - The Library provides retiree healthcare benefits to eligible employees and their spouses. This is a single employer-defined benefit plan administered by the Library. The benefits are provided to employees based on board approval.

Funding Policy - The employee benefit currently does not require a contribution from employees. The Library has no obligation to make contributions in advance of when the insurance premiums are due for payment.

Funding Progress - For the year ended March 31, 2012, the Library has estimated the cost of providing retiree healthcare benefits through an actuarial valuation as of March 31, 2010. The valuation computes an annual required contribution, which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years. This valuation's computed contribution and actual funding are summarized as follows:

Annual required contribution (recommended) Interest on the prior year's net OPEB obligation Less adjustment to the annual required contribution	\$ 529,047 38,158 (56,168)
Annual OPEB cost	511,037
Less amounts contributed: Payments of current premiums Advance funding Less adjustment to prior year OPEB obligation	12,318 35,331 612
Increase in net OPEB obligation	462,776
OPEB obligation - Beginning of year	954,547
OPEB obligation - End of year	\$ 1,417,323

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note 10 - Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The funding progress of the plan as of the most recent valuation date (March 31, 2010) is as follows:

Actuarial value of assets	\$ -
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 3,253,746
Unfunded AAL (UAAL)	\$ 3,253,746
Funded ratio	-
Annual covered payroll	\$ 508,569
Ratio of UAAL to covered payroll	640%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, above, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the March 31, 2010 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 10 percent initially and then graded down to 5 percent in 2015. The UAAL is being amortized on a level dollar closed basis. The remaining amortization period at March 31, 2010 was 30 years.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note I I - Reconciliation of the Library as a Whole and the Individual Fund Financial Statements

Total fund balances and the net change in fund balances of the Library's individual funds differ from net assets and change in net assets of the Library as a whole reported in the statement of net assets and statement of activities. This difference results primarily from the long-term economic focus of the statement of net assets and statement of activities versus the current focus of the statement of the individual governmental funds' balance sheet and statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balance. The following is a reconciliation of fund balance to net assets and the net change in fund balance to the net change in net assets:

Total Fund Balance - Modified Accrual Basis		\$	4,913,599
Amounts reported in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Property tax revenue not collected within 60 days of year end is recorded as deferred revenue in the funds			154,060
Capital assets are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds			8,071,928
Compensated absences: Current portion Long-term portion	\$ (22,412 (79,400	•	(101,812)
Long-term debt: Current portion Long-term portion	(395,000 (5,425,000	•	(5,820,000)
Net OPEB obligation does not present a claim on current financial resources. Therefore, it is not reported as a fund liability		_	(1,417,323)
Total Net Assets - Full Accrual Basis		\$	5,800,452

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note I I - Reconciliation of the Library as a Whole and the Individual Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Net Change in Fund Balances - Modified Accrual Basis	\$ (382,156)
Amounts reported in the statement of activities are different because:	
Revenue reported in the statement of activities	
that does not provide current financial resources	
is not reported as revenue in the funds	(21,362)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures	
in the statement of activities; these costs are allocated over	
their estimated useful lives as depreciation:	
Library books and audiovisual materials	134,462
Capital outlay	88,594
Depreciation	(509,302)
Loss on disposal	(37,203)
Increase in net OPEB obligation expenses reported in the statement	
of activities does not require the use of current resources,	
therefore, it is not reported in the fund statements until it comes	
due for payment	(462,776)
Increase in the accrual for compensated absences is reported	
as an expenditure in the fund financial statements, but not	
in the statement of activities	(14,933)
Proceeds of bond issuance recorded as other financing resources	
in the fund financial statements, but not in the statement of activities	(5,425,000)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the fund	
financial statements, but not in the statement of activities	 5,700,000
Change in Net Assets - Full Accrual Basis	\$ (929,676)

Note 12 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2010, the GASB issued Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. This statement incorporates into GASB literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance issued on or before November 30, 1989 that is included in FASB statements and interpretations, APB opinions, and accounting research bulletins of the AICPA Committee on Accounting Procedure. The Library is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted, during the Library's 2012-2013 fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements March 31, 2012

Note 12 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2011, the GASB issued Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. The statement will be effective for the Library's 2012-2013 fiscal year. The statement incorporates deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, as defined by GASB Concepts Statement No. 4, into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure of net position, formerly net assets. This statement also provides a new statement of net position format to report all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. Once implemented, this statement will impact the format and reporting of the balance sheet at the government-wide level and also at the fund level.

In March 2012, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, which is required to be implemented for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. Statement No. 65 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows and inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. This statement also provides other financial reporting guidance related to the impact of the financial statement elements deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Statement No. 65 will be implemented for the Library's 2013-2014 fiscal year.

In June 2012, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. Statement No. 68 requires governments providing defined benefit pensions to recognize their unfunded pension benefit obligation as a liability for the first time, and to more comprehensively and comparably measure the annual costs of pension benefits. This net pension liability that will be recorded on the government-wide, proprietary, and discretely presented component units statements will be computed differently than the current unfunded actuarial accrued liability, using specific parameters set forth by the GASB. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplementary information (RSI). The Library is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for financial statements for the year ending March 31, 2016.

R	Required S	uppleme	ntal Informat	tion
R	Required S	uppleme	ntal Informat	tion
R	Required S	uppleme	ntal Informat	tion
R	equired S	uppleme	ntal Informat	tion

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended March 31, 2012

							F	avorable
							Var	iance with
	Original		Amended				Α	mended
	Budget		Budget		Actual		Budget	
Revenue								
Millage	\$	744,973	\$	744,973	\$	861,840	\$	116,867
Penal fines		45,000		45,000		55,126		10,126
State aid		15,000		15,000		19,497		4,497
Book fines		68,000		68,000		55,487		(12,513)
Interest		51,479		51,479		144,905		93,426
Other		50,750		51,910		61,060		9,150
Total revenue		975,202		976,362		1,197,915		221,553
Expenditures								
Personnel services		957,717		967,885		928,894		38,991
Contractual services and books		263,700		284,700		289,360		(4,660)
Operating costs		318,850		299,095		284,500		14,595
Capital outlay		20,000		113,235		88,594		24,641
Total expenditures		1,560,267		664,915		1,591,348		73,567
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue		(585,065)	((688,553)		(393,433)	\$	295,120
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		4,657,500	4,	657,500		4,638,703		
Fund Balance - End of year	<u>\$</u>	4,072,435	\$ 3,9	968,947	<u>\$ 4</u>	,245,270		



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August 16, 2012

To the Board of Directors
Redford Township District Library

We have audited the financial statements of Redford Township District Library (the "Library") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2012 and have issued our report thereon dated August 16, 2012. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit which is divided into the following sections:

Section I - Communications Required Under SAS 115

Section II - Communications Required Under SAS 114

Section I includes any deficiencies we observed in the Library's accounting principles or internal control that we believe are significant. Current auditing standards require us to formally communicate annually matters we note about the Library's accounting policies and internal control.

Section II includes information that current auditing standards require independent auditors to communicate to those individuals charged with governance. We will report this information annually to the board of directors of Redford Township District Library.

We would like to take this opportunity to thank the Library's staff for the cooperation and courtesy extended to us during our audit. Their assistance and professionalism are invaluable.

This report is intended solely for the use of the board of directors and management of the Redford Township District Library and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

We welcome any questions you may have regarding the following communications and we would be willing to discuss any of these or other questions that you might have at your convenience.

Very truly yours,

Plante & Moran, PLLC

William E. Brickey



Section I - Communications Required Under SAS 115

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Redford Township District Library as of and for the year ended March 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Library's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Library's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the following deficiency in the library's internal control to be a material weakness:

• Journal entries were required during the audit to ensure the financial statement presentation was in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, including full accrual presentation of the governmental funds. This qualifies as a material weakness in internal control. The entries included adjustments required for the full accrual presentation of the government-wide statements, an adjustment to record accounts receivable and deferred revenue related to property taxes, and properly recording of debt refunding issued in the current year.

Section II - Communications Required Under SAS 114

Our Responsibility Under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated July 12, 2012, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities. Our responsibility is to plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of the Library. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures specifically to identify such matters.

Other Information in Documents Containing Audited Financial Statements

Our responsibility for other information in documents containing the entity's financial statements and report does not extend beyond the financial information identified in the required supplemental information. We do not have an obligation to perform any procedures to corroborate other information contained in these documents. We read the required supplemental information and nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that such information, or its manner of presentation, is materially inconsistent with the information or manner of its presentation appearing in the financial statements.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our meeting about planning matters on July 18, 2012.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by Redford Township District Library are described in Note I to the financial statements.

As described in Note I, the Library implemented GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. As a result of this required implementation, the Accrued Employee Benefits Fund was consolidated into the General Fund. Accordingly, the accounting change has been retrospectively applied to prior periods presented as if the policy had always been used.

We noted no transactions entered into by the library during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

There are no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were the allowance for uncollectible property taxes and the estimates related to pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) funding. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the allowance and annual required contribution in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were the disclosures of Note 9 - Pension Plan and Note 10 - Postemployment Benefits.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management.

The Library did not capitalize bond issuance costs related to the bond refunding totaling \$130,102 in the current year. Management has determined that their effects are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For the purpose of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated August 16, 2012.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Library's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.